

FIRST QUARTER FINANCIAL REPORT MARCH 31, 2021

TORONTO HYDRO CORPORATION

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GLOSSARY

CDM – Conservation and Demand Management	IFRS – International Financial Reporting Standards
CEAP – COVID-19 Emergency Assistance Program	\mathbf{kW} – Kilowatt
CEAP-SB – CEAP for Small Business	kWh – Kilowatt hour
CEO – Chief Executive Officer	LDC – Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited
CFO – Chief Financial Officer	LRAM - Lost revenue adjustment mechanism
CIR – Custom Incentive Rate-setting	MD&A – Management's Discussion and Analysis
City – City of Toronto	OCI – Other comprehensive income
Corporation – Toronto Hydro Corporation	OEB – Ontario Energy Board
COVID-19 – Coronavirus disease 2019	OPEB – Other post-employment benefits
ECA – Energy Conservation Agreement	PP&E – Property, plant and equipment
Electricity Act - Electricity Act, 1998 [Ontario], as	RPP – Regulated Price Plan
amended	TH Energy – Toronto Hydro Energy Services Inc.
GAAP – Generally Accepted Accounting Principles	Toronto Hydro – Toronto Hydro Corporation and its
HONI – Hydro One Networks Inc.	subsidiaries
IAS – International Accounting Standard	TOU – Time-of-use
IASB - International Accounting Standards Board	WMS – Wholesale Market Service
IESO – Independent Electricity System Operator	



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020



Executive Summary

- During the COVID-19 pandemic, the Corporation has maintained the full range of its services while focusing on the health and safety of its employees and the community. The Corporation has continued with critical work in its grid investment plan to maintain safety and reliability, support a growing city, and meet customer service needs;
- Net income after net movements in regulatory balances for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$35.8 million compared to \$35.4 million for the comparable period in 2020;
- Capital expenditures were primarily related to the renewal of the electricity infrastructure of LDC and were \$150.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to \$130.3 million for the comparable period in 2020;
- On April 29, 2021, DBRS confirmed the Corporation's issuer rating and debentures rating at "A" and the commercial paper rating at R-1 [low], all with stable trends;
- On May 11, 2021, Standard & Poor's confirmed the Corporation's issuer rating at "A", with a stable trend, and debentures rating at "A"; and
- On May 12, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Corporation declared a quarterly dividend in the amount of \$17.6 million with respect to the second quarter of 2021 [second quarter of 2020 \$21.3 million], payable to the City by June 30, 2021.

Introduction

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with:

- the Corporation's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [the "Interim Financial Statements], which were prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as described in note 25 to the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 [the "2020 Annual Financial Statements"];
- 2020 Annual Financial Statements; and
- the Corporation's MD&A for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 [the "2020 Annual MD&A"] including the sections titled "Electricity Distribution Industry Overview", "Corporate Developments COVID-19 Pandemic Consideration", "Legal Proceedings", "Share Capital", "Transactions with Related Parties", and "Risk Management and Risk Factors", which remain substantially unchanged as at the date hereof, except as may be noted below or as updated in the Corporation's Interim Financial Statements.

Copies of these documents are available on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval website at www.sedar.com.



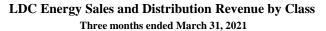
Business of Toronto Hydro Corporation

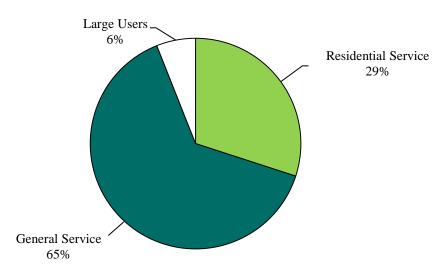
The Corporation is a holding company which wholly owns two subsidiaries:

- LDC distributes electricity; and
- TH Energy provides street lighting and expressway lighting services in the city of Toronto.

The Corporation supervises the operations of, and provides corporate, management services and strategic direction to its subsidiaries. The City is the sole shareholder of the Corporation.

The principal business of the Corporation and its subsidiaries is the distribution of electricity by LDC. LDC owns and operates an electricity distribution system, delivering electricity to approximately 785,000 customers located in the city of Toronto. LDC serves the largest city in Canada and distributes approximately 17% of the electricity consumed in Ontario. The business of LDC is regulated by the OEB, which has broad powers relating to licensing, standards of conduct and service, and the regulation of electricity distribution rates charged by electricity distributors in Ontario. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, LDC recognized energy sales and distribution revenue of \$859.8 million from general service users¹, residential service users² and large users³.





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¹ "General Service" means a service supplied to premises other than those receiving "Residential Service" and "Large Users" and typically includes small businesses and bulk-metered multi-unit residential establishments. This service is provided to customers with a monthly peak demand of less than 5,000 kW averaged over a 12-month period.

^{2 &}quot;Residential Service" means a service that is for domestic or household purposes, including single family or individually metered multi-family units and seasonal occupancy.

^{3 &}quot;Large Users" means a service provided to a customer with a monthly peak demand of 5,000 kW or greater averaged over a 12-month period.



Results of Operations

Net Income after Net Movements in Regulatory Balances

Interim Consolidated Statements of Income Three months ended March 31 [in millions of Canadian dollars]

	2021 \$	2020 \$	Change \$
	·	·	·
Revenues			
Energy sales	677.2	800.1	(122.9)
Distribution revenue	182.6	187.0	(4.4)
Other	21.8	20.8	1.0
	881.6	1,007.9	(126.3)
Expenses			
Energy purchases	659.5	809.5	(150.0)
Operating expenses	75.9	75.8	0.1
Depreciation and amortization	67.6	63.0	4.6
	803.0	948.3	(145.3)
Finance costs	(19.4)	(19.9)	0.5
Gain on disposals of PP&E	1.8		1.8
Income before income taxes	61.0	39.7	21.3
Income tax expense	(10.6)	(9.6)	(1.0)
Net income	50.4	30.1	20.3
Net movements in regulatory balances	(22.0)	(1.9)	(20.1)
Net movements in regulatory balances arising from deferred taxes	7.4	7.2	0.2
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances	35.8	35.4	0.4

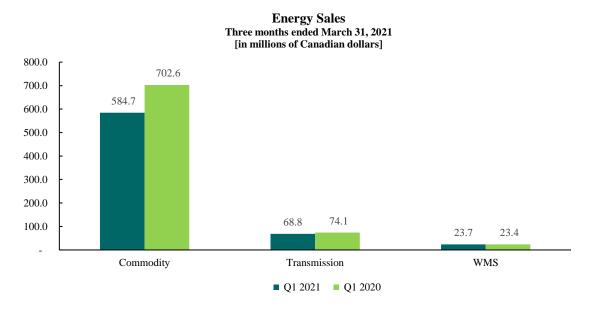
The increase in net income after net movements in regulatory balances for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to lower amounts deferred into regulatory accounts [\$10.1 million], partially offset by higher depreciation related to new in-service asset additions [\$4.6 million] and lower distribution revenue mainly related to lower electricity consumption [\$4.4 million].

The net decrease in distribution revenue [\$4.4 million] includes lower OEB-approved rate riders [\$2.4 million]. The gain on disposals of PP&E [\$1.8 million] is primarily due to a property sale [\$1.5 million], which is being refunded to customers. The rate riders and gain on property disposal do not impact net income after net movements in regulatory balances as there is a corresponding offset in net movements in regulatory balances, given IFRS treatment.



Energy Sales

LDC's energy sales arise from charges to customers for electricity consumed, based on regulated rates. Energy sales include amounts billed or billable to customers for commodity charges, retail transmission charges, and WMS charges at current rates. These charges are passed through to customers over time and are considered revenue by LDC. For any given period, energy sales should be equal to the cost of energy purchased. However, a difference between energy sales and energy purchases arises when there is a timing difference between the amounts charged by LDC to customers, based on regulated rates, and the electricity and non-competitive electricity service costs billed monthly by the IESO to LDC. This difference is recorded as a settlement variance, representing amounts to be recovered from or refunded to customers through future rates approved by the OEB. In accordance with IFRS 14 *Regulatory Deferral Accounts* ["IFRS 14"], this settlement variance is presented within regulatory balances on the Corporation's interim consolidated balance sheets ["Consolidated Balance Sheets"] and within net movements in regulatory balances on the Corporation's interim consolidated statements of income ["Consolidated Statements of Income"].



Energy sales for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$677.2 million, compared to \$800.1 million for the comparable period in 2020. The decrease was primarily due to lower commodity charges [\$117.9 million].

Energy Purchases, Energy Sales, and Settlement Variances Three months ended March 31, 2021 [in millions of Canadian dollars]

	Energy Purchases \$	Energy Sales \$	Settlement Variances \$
Commodity charges	552.3	584.7	(32.4)
Retail transmission charges	78.9	68.8	10.1
WMS charges	28.3	23.7	4.6
Total	659.5	677.2	(17.7)

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, LDC recognized \$677.2 million in energy sales to customers and was billed \$659.5 million for energy purchases from the IESO. The difference between energy sales and energy purchases represents a \$17.7 million settlement variance for the period. The settlement variance was recorded as a decrease to the regulatory debit balance [\$17.6 million including carrying charges on the accumulated settlement variance balance; see the regulatory credit balance table in note 6 to the Interim Financial Statements] on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, and presented within net movements in regulatory balances on the Consolidated Statements of Income.



Distribution Revenue

Distribution revenue is recorded based on OEB-approved distribution rates to recover the costs incurred by LDC in delivering electricity to customers and includes revenue collected through OEB-approved rate riders.

Distribution revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$182.6 million, compared to \$187.0 million for the comparable period in 2020.

The decrease in distribution revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to lower electricity consumption [\$4.6 million] and lower revenue collected through OEB-approved rate riders [\$2.4 million], partially offset by higher 2021 distribution rates [\$2.9 million].

The Corporation's revenues continue to be impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Corporation continues to track lost revenues related to lower commercial electricity consumption and the late payment charge reductions resulting from the Corporation's decision to provide direct relief to customers impacted by COVID-19. These amounts have not been recorded in the COVID-19 Emergency Deferral Account as at March 31, 2021.

Other Revenue

Other revenue includes revenue from services ancillary to electricity distribution, delivery of street lighting services, pole and duct rentals, other regulatory service charges and capital contributions.

Other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$21.8 million, which is in line with \$20.8 million for the comparable period in 2020.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$75.9 million, which are consistent with \$75.8 million for the comparable period in 2020.

The incremental bad debt expense as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$0.9 million, compared to \$0.5 million for the comparable period in 2020.

The incremental bad debt expense represents management's best estimate of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the expected credit losses. The Corporation adjusted the expected credit loss provision based on the Corporation's current estimates and assumptions including but not limited to recent trends for customer collections and current and forecasted economic conditions, to account for the higher level of expected customer defaults due to COVID-19 pandemic. The Corporation continues to actively monitor its exposure to credit risk as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic [see note 9(b) to the Interim Financial Statements].

For three months ended March 31, 2021 the Corporation incurred \$1.1 million [March 31, 2020 - \$0.2 million] in operating expenses for COVID-19 testing kits, cleaning supplies, protective equipment and other support costs directly related to the implementation of safety measures as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

As at March 31, 2021 the incremental bad debt and incremental operating expenses related to the COVID-19 pandemic have not been recorded in the COVID-19 Emergency Deferral Account.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense, which includes derecognition of assets removed from service, for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$67.6 million, compared to \$63.0 million for the comparable period in 2020.

The increase in depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2021, as compared to 2020 was primarily due to new in-service asset additions, partially offset by certain assets being fully depreciated and a decrease in derecognition of assets removed from service.

Finance Costs

Finance costs for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$19.4 million which are in line with \$19.9 million for the comparable period in 2020.



Gain on Disposals of PP&E

Gain on disposals of PP&E for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$1.8 million, compared to \$nil for the comparable period in 2020.

The increase in gain on disposals of PP&E for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily related to the sale of a property in 2021 [\$1.5 million]. The gain on sale of property was recorded as a regulatory credit on the Consolidated Balance Sheets to reduce future electricity distribution rates, with a corresponding offset in net movements in regulatory balances.

Income Tax Expense and Income Tax Recorded in Net Movements in Regulatory Balances

Income tax expense and income tax recorded in net movements in regulatory balances for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$3.2 million, compared to \$2.4 million for the comparable period in 2020.

The unfavourable variance for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to higher income before taxes, higher tax recognized on property dispositions, and lower net deductions in permanent and temporary differences between accounting and tax treatments.

Net Movements in Regulatory Balances

In accordance with IFRS 14, the Corporation separately presents regulatory balances and related net movements on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Income.

The decrease in the regulatory debit [\$31.8 million] and increase in the regulatory credit [\$10.3 million] balances for the three months ended March 31, 2021 equals the sum [\$42.1 million] of net movements in regulatory balances, net movements in regulatory balances arising from deferred taxes and net movements in regulatory balances related to OCI, shown for the period [see "Financial Position" below]. Energy purchases record the actual cost of power purchased which varies from month to month. Since the selling price of power within energy sales is fixed for set periods of time, a gain or loss usually results, and is part of the calculation of net income. However, per OEB regulations, such gains or losses on energy sales are deferred within regulatory variance accounts for later disposition to or from rate payers via rate riders after approval by the OEB. Deferrals of gains or losses on energy sales [see discussion on settlement variance under "Results of Operations" above], or disposition of past deferrals in electricity rates will usually represent the largest single element of the net movements in regulatory balances for a given period.

Net movements in regulatory balances for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were a charge of \$22.0 million, respectively, compared to a charge of \$1.9 million for the comparable period in 2020. The charge of \$22.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to the settlement variance between the electricity costs billed monthly by the IESO and LDC's billing to customers. The charge of \$1.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020 was primarily due to amounts being deferred into regulatory accounts and foregone revenue for future refunds to customers, partially offset by the settlement variance between the electricity costs billed monthly by the IESO and LDC's billing to customers.



Summary of Quarterly Results of Operations

The table below presents a summary of the Corporation's results of operations for eight quarters including and immediately preceding March 31, 2021.

Summary of Quarterly Results of Operations[in millions of Canadian dollars]

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Energy sales	677.2	783.1	888.5	670.8
Distribution revenue	182.6	169.4	179.2	158.8
Other	21.8	24.3	24.9	22.7
Revenues	881.6	976.8	1,092.6	852.3
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances	35.8	(2.0)	47.7	36.0
	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Energy sales	800.1	776.2	737.2	602.6
Distribution revenue	187.0	200.5	207.5	198.3
Other	20.8	25.1	25.6	23.3
Revenues	1,007.9	1,001.8	970.3	824.2
Net income after net movements				
in regulatory balances	35.4	15.5	50.2	46.1

The Corporation's revenues, all other things being equal, are impacted by temperature fluctuations and unexpected weather conditions, including increased frequency of extreme weather events as a result of climate change, such as heat waves, intense rain events, and higher average temperatures. Revenues would tend to be higher in the first quarter as a result of higher energy consumption for winter heating, and in the third quarter due to air conditioning/cooling. The Corporation's revenues are also impacted by fluctuations in electricity prices and the timing and recognition of regulatory decisions. The variation from the seasonal trend for the first quarter of 2021 was due to lower commodity charges charged by the IESO and for the fourth quarter of 2019 was due to higher commodity charges charged by the IESO.



Financial Position

The following table outlines the significant changes in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021 as compared to the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2020.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Data [in millions of Canadian dollars]

Polomos Chost Assessed	Increase (Decrease)	Explanation of Significant Change
Balance Sheet Account	\$	
Assets		
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue	25.2	The increase was primarily due to higher electricity consumption and timing of billing and collection activities, partially offset by lower pass-through electricity costs.
PP&E and intangible assets	82.4	The increase was primarily due to capital expenditures [see "Investing Activities" below], partially offset by depreciation including derecognition.
Liabilities and Equity		
Commercial paper	45.0	The increase was primarily due to the issuances of commercial paper required for general corporate purposes [see "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below].
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(16.1)	The decrease was primarily due to timing differences in payments.
Deferred revenue	33.9	The increase was primarily due to capital contributions received.
Deferred tax liabilities	17.6	The increase was primarily due to the deferral of tax related to the actuarial gain recorded in OCI, and lower tax values as compared to accounting values of PP&E and intangible assets.
Post-employment benefits	(37.0)	The decrease was primarily due to the recognized actuarial gain incurred as a result of the higher discount rate as at March 31, 2021.
Retained earnings	18.2	The increase was due to net income after net movements in regulatory balances [\$35.8 million], offset by dividends paid [\$17.6 million].



Consolidated Balance Sheet Data [in millions of Canadian dollars]

Balance Sheet Account	Increase (Decrease)	Explanation of Significant Change
Regulatory Balances		
Regulatory debit balances	(31.8)	The decrease was primarily due to the recognized actuarial gain resulting from the remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligation to reflect the higher discount rate and amounts disposed through OEB-approved rate riders, partially offset by deferred taxes.
Regulatory credit balances	10.3	The increase was primarily due to settlement variance between the electricity costs billed monthly by the IESO and LDC's billings to customers, partially offset by amounts disposed through OEB-approved rate riders.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Corporation's current assets and current liabilities amounted to \$532.4 million and \$1,006.7 million, respectively, as at March 31, 2021, resulting in a working capital deficit of \$474.3 million. The deficit is primarily attributable to the Series 7 debentures repayment becoming due on November 18, 2021 for \$300.0 million and the Corporation's preference for utilizing its Commercial Paper Program [defined in "Financing Activities" below] and Working Capital Facility [defined below] before issuing additional debentures to fulfill the Corporation's ongoing liquidity requirements, including funding of significant capital spending. The Corporation seeks to maintain an optimal mix of short-term and long-term debt in order to lower overall financing costs and to enhance borrowing flexibility.

The Corporation's primary sources of liquidity and capital resources are cash provided by operating activities, issuance of commercial paper, amounts available to be drawn against its credit facilities, and borrowings from debt capital markets. The Corporation's liquidity and capital resource requirements are mainly for capital expenditures to maintain and improve the electricity distribution system of LDC, for energy purchases and to meet financing obligations.

The amount available under the Revolving Credit Facility [defined in "Financing Activities" below] as well as outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility and Commercial Paper Program are as follows:

	Revolving Credit Facility Limit	Revolving Credit Facility Borrowings	Commercial Paper Outstanding	Revolving Credit Facility Availability
[in millions of Canadian dollars]	\$	\$	\$	\$
March 31, 2021	800.0	-	205.0	595.0
December 31, 2020	800.0	-	160.0	640.0

The Corporation is a party to a \$20.0 million demand facility with a Canadian chartered bank for the purpose of working capital management ["Working Capital Facility"]. As at March 31, 2021, \$5.4 million had been drawn under the Working Capital Facility, compared to \$6.2 million as at December 31, 2020. On the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents (working capital facility) includes bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Corporation's cash management.



Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow Data [in millions of Canadian dollars]

		Three months ended March 31,	
	2021 \$	2020 \$	
Working capital facility, beginning of period	(6.2)	(1.0)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	135.8	101.1	
Net cash used in investing activities	(148.3)	(202.2)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	13.3	123.5	
Cash and cash equivalents (Working capital	(5.4)	21.4	
facility), end of period			

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$135.8 million, compared to \$101.1 million for the comparable period in 2020.

The increase in net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to timing differences in the settlement of receivables and payables, higher net income before net movements in regulatory balances and higher deferred revenue, partially offset by a decrease in capital contributions received.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$148.3 million, compared to \$202.2 million for the comparable period in 2020.

Electricity distribution is a capital-intensive business. As the municipal electricity distribution company serving the largest city in Canada, LDC continues to invest in the renewal of existing aging infrastructure to address safety, reliability and customer service requirements. During the COVID-19 pandemic crisis, LDC has deployed health and safety equipment and measures to protect its employees, its partners and the public, and continued to deliver its capital infrastructure development and maintenance work in accordance with its plans.



The following table summarizes the Corporation's capital expenditures [on an accrual basis] for the periods indicated [see note 13 to the Interim Financial Statements for cash basis].

Capital Expenditures [in millions of Canadian dollars]

		months Iarch 31,
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Regulated LDC	Ψ	Ψ
Distribution system		
Planned ¹	127.7	80.7
Reactive	10.5	10.1
Technology assets	5.2	7.3
Other ²	5.4	0.6
Regulated capital expenditures	148.8	98.7
Unregulated capital expenditures ³	1.4	31.6
Total capital expenditures	150.2	130.3

¹ Includes, among other initiatives, the replacement of underground and overhead infrastructures, station program, delivery of customer connections and customer-initiated plant relocations and expansions.

The total regulated capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$148.8 million, compared to \$98.7 million for the comparable period in 2020.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the increase in regulated capital expenditures was primarily due to higher spending on station programs [\$15.5 million], customer connections [\$6.8 million], facility and building security improvement [\$3.7 million] and a non-recurring transfer of behind-the-meter battery storage expenditures from regulated to unregulated expenditures in 2020 as a result of the 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order [\$22.7 million].

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the decrease in unregulated capital expenditures was primarily due to a non-recurring transfer of behind-the-meter battery storage expenditures from regulated to unregulated expenditures in 2020 as a result of the 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order [\$22.7 million].

The largest capital initiatives in 2021 include the delivery of customer connections, station programs, replacement of overhead and underground infrastructures and customer-initiated plant relocations and expansions.

The delivery of customer connections includes spending related to new service and upgrades to existing service for specific commercial customers. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, capital expenditures for the delivery of customer connections were \$27.6 million.

The station program focuses on station renewal and station expansion. Station renewal targets the aging station infrastructure to reduce the risk of power outages and maximize useful life. Station expansion addresses medium to long-term system capacity needs on the distribution system. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, capital expenditures for station programs were \$22.2 million.

The replacement of overhead infrastructure includes replacing poles, overhead transformers, conductors, overhead switches and other aging overhead infrastructure and equipment. The replacement of underground infrastructure includes replacing direct buried cables, transformers, switches and other aging underground infrastructure. Both initiatives will allow LDC to continue to provide ongoing safe and reliable service to its customers. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, capital expenditures for overhead and underground infrastructures were \$20.4 million and \$17.5 million, respectively.

Customer-initiated plant relocations and expansions include relocating infrastructure to accommodate construction by third parties. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, capital expenditures for customer-initiated plant relocations and expansions was \$18.2 million.

² Includes fleet capital and building enhancements.

Primarily relates to behind-the-meter battery storage projects, street lighting and generation equipment.



Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$13.3 million, compared to \$123.5 million for the comparable period in 2020.

The decrease in cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to lower net commercial paper issuances.

The Corporation is a party to a credit agreement with a syndicate of Canadian chartered banks which established a revolving credit facility expiring on October 10, 2024 ["Revolving Credit Facility"], pursuant to which it may borrow up to \$800.0 million, of which up to \$210.0 million is available in the form of letters of credit. As at March 31, 2021, the Corporation was in compliance with all covenants included in its Revolving Credit Facility agreement.

The Corporation has a commercial paper program allowing up to \$750.0 million of unsecured short-term promissory notes ["Commercial Paper Program"] to be issued in various maturities of no more than one year. The Commercial Paper Program is supported by liquidity facilities available under the Revolving Credit Facility; hence, available borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility is reduced by the amount of commercial paper outstanding at any point in time. Proceeds from the Commercial Paper Program are used for general corporate purposes. Borrowings under the Commercial Paper Program bear interest based on the prevailing market conditions at the time of issuance.

Additionally, the Corporation is a party to a \$75.0 million demand facility with a Canadian chartered bank for the purpose of issuing letters of credit mainly to support LDC's prudential requirements with the IESO ["Prudential Facility"]. As at March 31, 2021, \$32.9 million of letters of credit had been issued against the Prudential Facility.

As at March 31, 2021, the Corporation had debentures outstanding in the principal amount of \$2.4 billion. These debentures will mature between 2021 and 2063. As at March 31, 2021, the Corporation was in compliance with all covenants included in its trust indenture and supplemental trust indentures.

The following table sets out the current credit ratings of the Corporation.

Credit Ratings As at March 31, 2021

	DBRS	5	Standard & Poor's		
	Credit Rating	Trend	Credit Rating	Outlook	
Issuer rating	A	Stable	A	Stable	
Senior unsecured debentures	A	Stable	A	-	
Commercial paper	R-1(low)	Stable	-	-	

On April 29, 2021, DBRS confirmed the Corporation's issuer rating and debentures rating at "A" and the commercial paper rating at R-1 [low], all with stable trends.

On May 11, 2021, Standard & Poor's confirmed the Corporation's issuer rating at "A", with a stable trend, and debentures rating at "A".

The Corporation believes that it has sufficient available sources of liquidity and capital to satisfy working capital requirements for the next 12 months.

On March 3, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Corporation declared a quarterly dividend in the amount of \$17.6 million with respect to the first quarter of 2021 [first quarter of 2020 - \$25.0 million], paid to the City on March 31, 2021.

On May 12, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Corporation declared a quarterly dividend in the amount of \$17.6 million with respect to the second quarter of 2021 [second quarter of 2020 - \$21.3 million], payable to the City by June 30, 2021.



Summary of Contractual Obligations and Other Commitments

The following table presents a summary of the Corporation's debentures, major contractual obligations and other commitments.

Summary of Contractual Obligations and Other Commitments As at March 31, 2021 [in millions of Canadian dollars]

	Total \$	2021 ¹	2022/2023	2024/2025	After 2025
		Ф	.	Ф	
Commercial paper ²	205.0	205.0	-	-	-
Debentures – principal repayment	2,395.0	300.0	250.0	-	1,845.0
Debentures – interest payments	1,492.0	72.2	134.7	123.8	1,161.3
Capital projects ³ and other	62.2	26.9	33.7	1.6	-
Leases	0.3	-	0.1	0.2	-
Total contractual obligations and other	4,154.5	604.1	418.5	125.6	3,006.3
commitments					

Due over the period from April 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021.

Corporate Developments

COVID-19 Pandemic Considerations

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared that the COVID-19 outbreak was a global pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has had, and as at the date of the Interim Financial Statement continues to have, a significant impact on the Corporation. See "COVID-19 Pandemic Considerations" in the 2020 Annual MD&A for further information on COVID-19 Pandemic Considerations.

On March 26, 2021, the Ontario government committed an additional \$6.0 million from the 2020-2021 budget and a further \$17.0 million from the 2021-2022 budget for CEAP and CEAP-SB, continuing financial support for residential and small business customers during the COVID-19 pandemic. Through successive announcements on March 26, April 19, and April 21, 2021, the OEB determined that LDC's additional collective allocation for CEAP and CEAP-SB is \$0.9 million. The Corporation does not expect any impact to net income arising from the additional funding.

On April 21, 2021, the OEB extended the existing ban on disconnecting residential customers until May 19, 2021, in light of the stay-at-home order issued by the Ontario Government under its State of Emergency declaration. The restriction also applies to the issuance of any post-dated disconnection notices during this period. The Corporation does not expect any material impact to net income arising from this extension.

City of Toronto Climate Objectives

At its meeting held on April 7 and 8, 2021, a resolution was passed by City Council concerning opportunities for Toronto Hydro for acceleration, investments, reporting and collaboration with City divisions and agencies to achieve outcomes in the following areas:

- electric vehicle-charging infrastructure;
- modernization of outdoor lighting, including street lighting;
- implementation and facilitation of renewable energy and energy storage; and
- attracting revenue through non-rate sources of capital funding, such as grants, funding and financing from governments and agencies, and revenues generated through unregulated affiliates.

Toronto Hydro intends to report back to the City Manager on current work and an action plan in accordance with this resolution by the end of the third quarter of 2021.

² The notes under the Commercial Paper Program were issued at a discount and are repaid at their principal amount.

Primarily commitments for construction services.



Electricity Distribution Rates

On December 19, 2019, the OEB issued its 2020-2024 CIR Decision and on February 20, 2020, the OEB issued its CIR Final Rate Order, both in relation to the rate application filed on August 15, 2018 ["2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order"]. The 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order approved a revenue requirement of \$750.2 million for 2020, and rates calculated on that basis. The rates for 2020 were implemented on March 1, 2020, with an effective date of January 1, 2020. The 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order approved funding for capital and operating expenditures of approximately \$3.8 billion for the 2020-2024 period. The financial considerations of the OEB's 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order are reflected in the Interim Financial Statements. In addition, the 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order approved subsequent annual rate adjustments based on a custom index for the period commencing on January 1, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2024.

On August 24, 2020, LDC filed its 2021 rate application seeking the OEB's approval to finalize distribution rates and other charges for the period commencing on January 1, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2021. On December 10, 2020, the OEB issued a decision and rate order approving LDC's 2021 rates and providing for other deferral and variance account dispositions.

CDM Activities

On March 21, 2019, the Government of Ontario issued ministerial directives to the IESO related to the delivery of CDM programs. Previously, LDC and other distributors delivered the CDM programs; under the new directives, the IESO became responsible for delivering the CDM programs.

Under its ECA with the IESO, LDC had a joint CDM plan with Oakville Hydro Electricity Distribution Inc. for the delivery of CDM programs over the 2015-2020 period. As part of implementing its new mandate, the IESO terminated the ECA effective June 20, 2019. LDC was required to cease marketing and business development for all CDM programs immediately and make commercially reasonable efforts to wind down the delivery of programs. Under the ECA, LDC was entitled to reimbursement from the IESO of its eligible expenses and administrative costs relating to the wind-down of its role in the CDM programs. Participant agreements with customers for many of the CDM programs that were in effect before April 1, 2019 remained in effect notwithstanding the termination of the ECA and LDC remains responsible for its obligations under such agreements. On July 22, 2020, the Government of Ontario issued ministerial directives to the IESO directing it to extend the deadline by which participants are to complete the projects from December 31, 2020 to June 30, 2021. Amounts received from the IESO for the funding of the projects under the participant agreements, but not yet spent, are presented on the Corporation's consolidated balance sheets under current liabilities as deferred conservation credit.

Controls and Procedures

For purposes of certain Canadian securities regulations, the Corporation is a "Venture Issuer". As such, it is exempt from certain requirements of National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings. The CEO and CFO have reviewed the Interim Financial Statements and the MD&A for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020. Based on their knowledge and exercise of reasonable diligence, they have concluded that these documents fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Corporation as at the date of and for the period presented.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the Corporation's Interim Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions which affect the application of accounting policies, reported assets, liabilities and regulatory balances, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Interim Financial Statements, and the reported revenues and expenses for the period. The estimates are based on historical experience, current conditions and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities as well as for identifying and assessing the accounting treatment with respect to commitments and contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates, including changes as a result of future decisions made by the OEB, the IESO, the Ontario Ministry of Energy, Northern Development and Mines or the Ontario Ministry of Finance. The assessment of the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic is subject to significant uncertainty; accordingly, judgments, estimates and assumptions related to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic made by management in the preparation of the Corporation's Interim Financial Statements are also subject to significant uncertainty. The extent of the future impact



of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Corporation's financial results and business operations is not known at this time. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

Future Accounting Pronouncements

Rate-Regulated Accounting

On January 28, 2021, the IASB published the Exposure Draft *Regulatory Assets and Regulatory Liabilities*, with comments requested by July 30, 2021. The IASB proposes an accounting model under which an entity subject to rate regulation that meets the scope criteria would recognize regulatory assets and liabilities. Movements in regulatory assets and liabilities would give rise to regulatory income and expense. If finalized as a new IFRS Standard, the IASB's proposals would replace IFRS 14 *Regulatory Deferral Accounts* ["IFRS 14"], an interim Standard that permits, but does not require, a first-time adopter of IFRS to continue using previous GAAP to account for regulatory deferral account balances. Under the current proposal, an entity would apply the final IFRS standard retrospectively to annual reporting periods beginning 18 to 24 months after the new IFRS Standard is issued.

The Corporation is currently reviewing the proposals in the Exposure Draft and is assessing how the proposed new accounting model would impact its current regulatory accounting under IFRS 14.

The IASB has issued a number of standards and amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective. The Corporation continues to analyze these pronouncements and has determined that the following amendments could have an impact on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements when adopted.

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current [Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements ["IAS 1"]]

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 relating to the classification of liabilities as current or non-current. Specifically, the amendments clarify one of the criteria in IAS 1 for classifying a liability as non-current that is, the requirement for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted. The amendments are to be applied retrospectively.

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract [Amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets ["IAS 37"]]

In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 37 regarding costs that should be included as the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a contract is onerous. The amendments clarify that the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises all costs that relate directly to the contract. Such costs include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendments apply to contracts existing at the date when the amendments are first applied. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with early adoption permitted.

Definition of Accounting Estimates [Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors ["IAS 8"]]

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 8 to introduce a definition of "accounting estimates" and include other amendments to help entities distinguish changes in accounting estimates from changes in accounting policies. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted. The amendments are to be applied prospectively.

Disclosure of Accounting Policies [Amendments to IAS 1]

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 requiring an entity to disclose its material accounting policies, rather than its significant accounting policies. Additional amendments were made to explain how an entity can identify a material accounting policy. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted.



The Corporation is currently assessing the impact of the above amendments on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

Forward-Looking Information

Certain information included in this MD&A constitutes "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. The purpose of the forward-looking information is to provide the Corporation's current expectations regarding future results of operations, performance, business prospects and opportunities and may not be appropriate for other purposes. All information, other than statements of historical fact, which address activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate may or will occur in the future, are forward-looking information. The words "anticipates", "believes", "can", "continue", "could", "estimates", "expects", "focus", "forecasts", "future", "further-notice", "impact", "intends", "may", "plans", "propose", "projects", "should", "trend", "will", "would", "objective", "ongoing", or the negative or other variations of these words or other comparable words or phrases, are intended to identify forward-looking information, although not all forward-looking information contains these identifying words. The forward-looking information reflects the Corporation's current beliefs and is based on information currently available to the Corporation.

Specific forward-looking information in the MD&A includes, but is not limited to, the statements regarding the settlement variance and other regulatory balance variances as described in the section entitled "Results of Operations"; the consideration of forecasted economic factors in determining the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on expected credit losses as set out in the section entitled "Results of Operations"; the use of the gain on sale of property to reduce future electricity distribution rates for customers as set out in the section entitled "Results of Operations"; the effect of changes in energy consumption on future revenue as described in the section entitled "Summary of Quarterly Results of Operations"; the Corporation's plans to lower overall financing costs and enhance borrowing flexibility as described in the section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources"; the effect of overhead and underground infrastructure initiatives on LDC's ability to provide service to its customers, as described in the section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources"; the Corporation's available sources of liquidity and capital resources and the sufficiency thereof to satisfy working capital requirements for the next 12 months as described in the section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources"; the anticipated contractual obligations and other commitments of the Corporation over the next five years as set out in the section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources"; the ability of the Corporation, during the COVID-19 pandemic crisis, to continue to deliver its capital infrastructure development and maintenance work in accordance with its plans, as described in "Liquidity and Capital Resources"; the effects of the Corporation's strategic plan on its ability to deliver long-term benefits to customers, stakeholders, its shareholder and investors, as described in the section entitled "Corporate Developments"; the duration of the orders implemented by the Province of Ontario, including the TOU and Tiered rate changes, and the impact on operations and performance, including net income, as described in the section entitled "Corporate Developments"; the impact on operations and performance, including net income, arising from additional CEAP and CEAP-SB funding as described in the section entitled "Corporate Developments"; electricity distribution rates and rate applications as described in the section entitled "Corporate Developments"; work and a related action plan to be reported back to the City Manager in accordance with the City of Toronto climate objectives resolution, as described in the section entitled "Corporate Developments"; the termination of the ECA, the continuance of participant agreements that were in effect before April 1, 2019, the extension of the date by which participants are to complete the projects thereunder and LDC's continued responsibility for its obligations under the participant agreements as described in the section entitled "Corporate Developments"; the continued adequacy of the provision of funds required to cover probable costs and losses from legal proceedings as described in the section entitled "Legal Proceedings"; the impact on the Corporation's operations, operating results and financial position in the future, and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the Corporation's business, of COVID-19 as described in the section entitled "Risk Management and Risk Factors"; the pervasiveness of competition and the presence of alternatives to Toronto Hydro's distribution services, and the resultant effects on LDC's distribution business as described in the section entitled "Risk Management and Risk Factors"; the continued ability of the Corporation to arrange sufficient and cost-effective debt financing in order to meet its short and long term obligations as described in the section entitled "Risk Management and Risk Factors"; the success of the Corporation's various measures seeking to mitigate the occurrence and cost of customer payment delays or non-payments, the impact of business interruption incidents and damages arising from cyber-attack, breach or other compromise of technology systems, as described in the section entitled "Risk Management and Risk Factors"; the continued efficacy of physical and procedural controls put in place to manage and mitigate the impact of COVID-19 in the workplace, as described in the section entitled "Risk Management and Risk Factors"; the potential material adverse changes in cash flows, working capital levels and/or debt balances, which may also have a direct negative impact on the Corporation's operating results and financial position in the future, as described in the section entitled "Risk Management and Risk Factors"; and the Corporation's assessment of the impact



on adoption of the amendments to IAS 1, IAS 8, IAS 37, and IFRS 14, if any, as described in the section entitled "Future Accounting Pronouncements".

The forward-looking information is based on estimates and assumptions made by the Corporation's management in light of past experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that management believes to be reasonable in the circumstances, including, but not limited to, the amount of indebtedness of the Corporation, changes in funding requirements, the future course of the economy and financial markets, no unforeseen delays and costs in the Corporation's capital projects, no unforeseen changes to project plans, no significant changes to the seasonal weather patterns in accordance with historical seasonal trends because of climate change, no unforeseen changes in the legislative and operating framework for electricity distribution in Ontario, the receipt of applicable regulatory approvals and requested rate orders, no unexpected delays in obtaining required approvals, the ability of the Corporation to obtain and retain qualified staff, materials, equipment and services in a timely and cost efficient manner, continued contractor performance and compliance with covenants, the receipt of favourable judgments, no unforeseen changes in electricity distribution rate orders or rate setting methodologies, no unfavourable changes in environmental regulation, the ratings issued by credit rating agencies, the level of interest rates and the Corporation's ability to borrow and assumptions regarding general business and economic conditions. These assumptions are based upon the scope of the COVID-19 pandemic as currently understood, including in respect of its duration, as well as the severity of the impacts of government and business mitigation measures on the Corporation, all of which are subject to significant uncertainty.

The forward-looking information is subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or results anticipated by the forward-looking information. The factors which could cause results or events to differ from current expectations include, but are not limited to, risks associated with the execution of LDC's capital and maintenance programs necessary to maintain the performance of aging distribution assets and make required infrastructure improvements; risks associated with capital projects; risks associated with electricity industry regulatory developments and other governmental policy changes, including factors relating to LDC's distribution activities and to climate change; risks associated with increased competition from regulated and unregulated entities; risks associated with the timing and results of regulatory decisions regarding LDC's revenue requirements, cost recovery and rates; risks associated with information system security and with maintaining complex information technology systems; risks associated with maintaining the security of the Corporation's information assets, including but not limited to the collection, use and disclosure of personal information; risk of external threats to LDC's facilities, infrastructure and operations posed by unexpected weather conditions caused by climate change and other factors; risks associated with changing weather patterns due to climate change and resultant impacts to electricity consumption based on historic seasonal trends; risks related to terrorism and pandemics, including but not limited to COVID-19, and LDC's limited insurance coverage for losses resulting from these events; risks related to COVID-19, including but not limited to restrictive measures affecting the mobility and availability of human and nonhuman resources, operational disruptions, electricity consumption levels, customer payments and the availability of financing; risk to the Corporation's employees and the general public of serious/fatal injuries and illnesses relating to or impacting upon its activities; risks of municipal government activity, including the risk that the City could introduce rules, policies or directives that can potentially limit the Corporation's ability to meet its business objectives as laid out in the Shareholder Direction principles; risks related to LDC's work force demographic and its potential inability to train, upskill and retain skilled employees; risks of being unable to retain necessary qualified external contracting forces relating to its capital, maintenance and reactive infrastructure program; risks associated with possible labour disputes and LDC's ability to negotiate appropriate collective agreements; risk that the Corporation may fail to monitor the external environment and or develop and pursue strategies through appropriate business models, thus failing to gain a strategic advantage; risk that the Corporation is not able to arrange sufficient and cost-effective debt financing to repay maturing debt and to fund capital expenditures and other obligations; risk that the Corporation is unable to maintain its financial health and performance at acceptable levels; risk that insufficient debt or equity financing will be available to meet the Corporation's requirements, objectives, or strategic opportunities; risk of downgrades to the Corporation's credit rating; risks relating to the finance market and credit rating agency view of the electricity industry generally and the impact on the availability and cost of capital; risks related to the timing and extent of changes in prevailing interest rates and discounts rates and their effect on future revenue requirements and future postemployment benefit obligations; risk associated with the impairment to the Corporation's image in the community, public confidence or brand; risk associated with the Corporation failing to meet its material compliance obligations under legal and regulatory instruments; risk of substantial and currently undetermined or underestimated environmental costs and liabilities; risk that assumptions that form the basis of LDC's recorded environmental liabilities and related regulatory balances may change; risk that the presence or release of hazardous or harmful substances could lead to claims by third parties and/or governmental orders and other factors which are discussed in more detail under the section entitled "Risk Management and Risk Factors" in this MD&A and in the 2020 Annual



MD&A. Please review the section "Risk Management and Risk Factors" in this MD&A and in the 2020 Annual MD&A in detail. These risks are based upon the scope of the COVID-19 pandemic as currently understood, including in respect of its duration, as well as the severity of the impacts of government and business mitigation measures on the Corporation, all of which are subject to significant uncertainty. All of the forward-looking information included in this MD&A is qualified by the cautionary statements in this "Forward-Looking Information" section and the "Risk Management and Risk Factors" section in this MD&A and in the 2020 Annual MD&A. These factors are not intended to represent a complete list of the factors that could affect the Corporation; however, these factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information made herein. Furthermore, the forward-looking information contained herein is dated as of the date of this MD&A or as of the date specified in this MD&A, as the case may be, and the Corporation has no intention and undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Additional Information

Additional information with respect to the Corporation [including its annual information form] is available on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval website at www.sedar.com.

Toronto, Canada

May 12, 2021



UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

See First Quarter Financial Report for abbreviations and defined terms used in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.



Note Note S S S	CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS			
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Regulatory balances 6 138.6 170.4 Total assets and regulatory balances 6,143.4 6,069.0 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Working capital facility 7 5.4 6. Commercial paper 7 205.0 160.0 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 390.0 406. Customer deposits 60.5 44.3 Deferred revenue 8 29.6 18. Deferred conservation credit 3[c] 16.4 16.6 Debentures 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 <th< td=""><td>Other assets</td><td></td><td>7.7</td><td>8.2</td></th<>	Other assets		7.7	8.2
Total assets and regulatory balances 6,143.4 6,069.6 LLABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Working capital facility 7 5.4 6.2 Commercial paper 7 205.0 160.0 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 390.0 406. Customer deposits 60.5 44. Deferred revenue 8 29.6 18. Deferred conservation credit 3[c] 16.4 16.4 Debentures 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8	Total assets			5,898.6
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Commercial paper 7 205.0 160.0 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 390.0 406. Customer deposits 60.5 44.9 Deferred revenue 8 29.6 18. Deferred conservation credit 3[c] 16.4 16. Debentures 299.8 299.8 299.8 Total current liabilities 1,006.7 951. Debentures 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 Customer deposits 4.9 18. Deferred revenue 8 560.6 538. Post-employment benefits 295.7 332. Deferred tax liabilities 4.3 3. Other liabilities 4.3 3. Total liabilities 4,019.5 3,973.0 Equity 8 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.0 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.0 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 390.0 406.5 Customer deposits 60.5 44.9 Deferred revenue 8 29.6 18. Deferred conservation credit 3[c] 16.4 16.0 Debentures 299.8 299.8 Total current liabilities 1,006.7 951. Debentures 2,082.6 2,082.6 Customer deposits 4.9 18. Deferred revenue 8 560.6 538.2 Post-employment benefits 295.7 332.7 Other liabilities 4.3 3.4 Total liabilities 4,019.5 3,973.6 Equity 1,112.4 1,094.2 Share capital 10 817.8 817.8 Retained earnings 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.0 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4	Working capital facility	7	5.4	6.2
Customer deposits 60.5 44.4 Deferred revenue 8 29.6 18.5 Deferred conservation credit 3[c] 16.4 16.6 Debentures 299.8 299.8 299.8 Total current liabilities 1,006.7 951.5 Debentures 2,082.6 2,082.6 Customer deposits 4.9 18.5 Deferred revenue 8 560.6 538.2 Post-employment benefits 295.7 332.5 Deferred tax liabilities 64.7 47.5 Other liabilities 4.3 3.4 Total liabilities 4,019.5 3,973.6 Equity 5,049.5 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0 1,912.0	Commercial paper	7	205.0	160.0
Deferred revenue 8 29.6 18.1 Deferred conservation credit 3[c] 16.4 16.0 Debentures 299.8 299.8 299.8 Total current liabilities 1,006.7 951.1 Debentures 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 Customer deposits 4.9 18.7 Deferred revenue 8 560.6 538.2 Post-employment benefits 295.7 332.7 Deferred tax liabilities 64.7 47.3 Other liabilities 4.3 3.4 Total liabilities 4,019.5 3,973.6 Equity 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.4 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.6 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		390.0	406.1
Deferred conservation credit 3[c] 16.4 16.0 Debentures 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.8 299.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2 209.2<			60.5	44.9
Debentures 299.8 299.8 Total current liabilities 1,006.7 951.1 Debentures 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6		8	29.6	18.1
Total current liabilities 1,006.7 951. Debentures 2,082.6 2,082.6 Customer deposits 4.9 18. Deferred revenue 8 560.6 538.2 Post-employment benefits 295.7 332.7 Deferred tax liabilities 64.7 47. Other liabilities 4.3 3.4 Total liabilities 4,019.5 3,973.6 Equity 5,949.5 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.6 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.6 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4	Deferred conservation credit	3[c]		16.0
Debentures 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 2,082.6 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18.	Debentures			
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Post-employment benefits 295.7 332.7 Deferred tax liabilities 64.7 47.3 Other liabilities 4.3 3.4 Total liabilities 4,019.5 3,973.6 Equity 5,973.6 817.8 817.8 Retained earnings 1,112.4 1,094.2 1,930.2 1,912.6 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.6 5,885.6 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4				
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Equity 10 817.8 817.8 Share capital 1,112.4 1,094.2 Retained earnings 1,112.4 1,930.2 1,912.0 Total equity 5,949.7 5,885.0 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4				
Share capital 10 817.8 817.8 Retained earnings 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.6 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.6 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4	Total liabilities		4,019.5	3,973.6
Share capital 10 817.8 817.8 Retained earnings 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.6 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.6 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4	E.m.itm			
Retained earnings 1,112.4 1,094.2 Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.0 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.0 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4	1 0	10	017 0	017.0
Total equity 1,930.2 1,912.0 Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.0 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4		10		
Total liabilities and equity 5,949.7 5,885.6 Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4				
Regulatory balances 6 193.7 183.4				,
	Total liabilities, equity and regulatory balances	0	6,143.4	6,069.0

Subsequent events 2



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS O	OF INCOME		
[in millions of Canadian dollars, unaudited]			
		Three mon	
		March	
	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
	11000	Ψ	Ψ
Revenues			
Energy sales	11	677.2	800.1
Distribution revenue	11	182.6	187.0
Other	11	21.8	20.8
		881.6	1,007.9
Expenses			
Energy purchases		659.5	809.5
Operating expenses		75.9	75.8
Depreciation and amortization	4, 5	67.6	63.0
¥	, ,	803.0	948.3
Finance costs		(19.4)	(19.9)
Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment		1.8	(17.7)
T		(1.0	20.7
Income before income taxes	12	61.0	39.7
Income tax expense	12	(10.6)	(9.6)
Net income		50.4	30.1
Net movements in regulatory balances	6	(22.0)	(1.9)
Net movements in regulatory balances arising from deferred taxes	6	7.4	7.2
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances		35.8	35.4

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
[in millions of Canadian dollars, unaudited]				
		Three mor	ths ended	
		Marc	h 31,	
		2021	2020	
	Note	\$	\$	
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances		35.8	35.4	
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified to income or loss				
Remeasurements of post-employment benefits, net of tax [2021 - (\$9.9), 2020 - (\$10.1)]		27.5	27.9	
Net movements in regulatory balances related to OCI, net of tax [2021 - (\$9.9), 2020 - (\$10.1)]	6	(27.5)	(27.9)	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	
Total comprehensive income		35.8	35.4	



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY				
[in millions of Canadian dollars, unaudited]				
	Three mo	nths ended		
	Mar	ch 31,		
	2021	2020		
Note	\$	\$		
Share capital	817.8	817.8		
Retained earnings, beginning of period	1,094.2	1,069.7		
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances	35.8	35.4		
Dividends 10	(17.6)	(25.0)		
Retained earnings, end of period	1,112.4	1,080.1		
Total equity	1,930.2	1,897.9		



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF	CASH FLOWS		
[in millions of Canadian dollars, unaudited]			
		Three mon Marc	
		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income after net movements in regulatory balances		35.8	35.4
Net movements in regulatory balances	6	22.0	1.9
Net movements in regulatory balances arising from deferred taxes	6	(7.4)	(7.2)
Adjustments	O	(7.4)	(7.2)
Depreciation and amortization	4, 5	67.6	63.0
Amortization of deferred revenue	8	(2.6)	(1.7)
Finance costs	O	19.4	19.9
Income tax expense		10.6	9.6
Post-employment benefits		0.4	1.3
Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment		(1.8)	1.5
Other		0.4	_
Capital contributions received	8	25.6	56.6
Net change in other non-current assets and liabilities		0.8	(0.1)
Increase in customer deposits		1.8	3.9
Changes in non-cash operating working capital balances	13	(36.8)	(72.7)
Income tax paid		-	(8.8)
Net cash provided by operating activities		135.8	101.1
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	13	(143.9)	(196.3)
Purchase of intangible assets	13	(6.2)	(6.0)
Proceeds on disposals of property, plant and equipment	13	1.8	0.1
Net cash used in investing activities		(148.3)	(202.2)
The cash used in investing activities		(140.0)	(202.2)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in commercial paper, net of repayments	7	45.0	164.0
Dividends paid	10	(17.6)	(25.0)
Interest paid		(14.1)	(15.5)
Net cash provided by financing activities		13.3	123.5
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the period		0.8	22.4
Working capital facility, beginning of period		(6.2)	(1.0)
Cash and cash equivalents (working capital facility), end of period		(5.4)	21.4



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Corporation was incorporated on June 23, 1999 under the *Business Corporations Act* [Ontario] in accordance with the Electricity Act. The Corporation is wholly-owned by the City and is domiciled in Canada, with its registered office located at 14 Carlton Street, Toronto, Ontario, M5B 1K5.

The Corporation and its subsidiaries distribute electricity to customers and provide street lighting and expressway lighting services in the city of Toronto.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Corporation's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 ["Interim Financial Statements"] have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The notes presented in these Interim Financial Statements include only significant transactions and changes occurring for the three months since the year-end of December 31, 2020. The disclosures in these Interim Financial Statements do not conform in all respects to the IFRS requirements for annual consolidated financial statements. These Interim Financial Statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as described in note 25 to the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 ["2020 Annual Financial Statements"]. Accordingly, they should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's 2020 Annual Financial Statements.

These Interim Financial Statements are presented in Canadian dollars, the Corporation's functional currency, and have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for post-employment benefits which are recorded at actuarial value.

The Corporation's revenues, all other things being equal, are impacted by temperature fluctuations and unexpected weather conditions. Revenues would tend to be higher in the first quarter as a result of higher energy consumption for winter heating, and in the third quarter due to air conditioning/cooling. The Corporation's results are also impacted by fluctuations in electricity prices and the timing and recognition of regulatory decisions.

The Corporation has evaluated the events and transactions occurring after the condensed interim consolidated balance sheet date through May 12, 2021 when the Corporation's Interim Financial Statements were authorized for issuance by the Corporation's Board of Directors, and identified the events and transactions which required recognition in the Interim Financial Statements and/or disclosure in the notes to the Interim Financial Statements [notes 3[a] and 10].

3. REGULATION

a) COVID-19 Pandemic Considerations

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared that the COVID-19 outbreak was a global pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has had, and as at the date of the Interim Financial Statements continues to have, a significant impact on the Corporation.

On December 22, 2020, the Ontario Government amended O. Reg. 95/05 Classes of Consumers and Determination of Rates, setting both the TOU rates for on-peak, mid-peak, and off-peak and tiered rates at the TOU off-peak rate of 8.5 cents per kWh. That regulatory amendment was ultimately extended until February 22, 2021. On February 23, 2021, residential and small business customers resumed paying TOU and tiered pricing under the RPP at prices that were set by the OEB on December 15, 2020. There was no net income impact to the Corporation.

On April 21, 2021, the OEB extended the existing ban on disconnecting residential customers until May 19, 2021, in light of the stay-at-home order issued by the Ontario Government under its State of Emergency declaration. The restriction also



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

applies to the issuance of any post-dated disconnection notices during this period. The Corporation does not expect any material impact to net income arising from this extension.

b) Electricity Distribution Rates

On December 19, 2019, the OEB issued its 2020-2024 CIR Decision and on February 20, 2020, the OEB issued its CIR Final Rate Order, both in relation to the rate application filed on August 15, 2018 ["2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order"]. The 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order approved a revenue requirement of \$750.2 million for 2020, and rates calculated on that basis. The rates for 2020 were implemented on March 1, 2020, with an effective date of January 1, 2020. The financial considerations of the OEB's 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order are reflected in the Interim Financial Statements. In addition, the 2020-2024 CIR decision and rate order approved subsequent annual rate adjustments based on a custom index for the period commencing on January 1, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2024.

On August 24, 2020, LDC filed its 2021 rate application seeking the OEB's approval to finalize distribution rates and other charges for the period commencing on January 1, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2021. On December 10, 2020, the OEB issued a decision and rate order approving LDC's 2021 rates and providing for other deferral and variance account dispositions.

c) CDM Activities

On March 21, 2019, the Government of Ontario issued ministerial directives to the IESO related to the delivery of CDM programs. Previously, LDC and other distributors delivered the CDM programs; under the new directives, the IESO became responsible for delivering the CDM programs.

Under its ECA with the IESO, LDC had a joint CDM plan with Oakville Hydro Electricity Distribution Inc. for the delivery of CDM programs over the 2015-2020 period. As part of implementing its new mandate, the IESO terminated the ECA effective June 20, 2019. LDC was required to cease marketing and business development for all CDM programs immediately and make commercially reasonable efforts to wind down the delivery of programs. Under the ECA, LDC was entitled to reimbursement from the IESO of its eligible expenses and administrative costs relating to the wind-down of its role in the CDM programs. Participant agreements with customers for many of the CDM programs that were in effect before April 1, 2019 remained in effect notwithstanding the termination of the ECA and LDC remains responsible for its obligations under such agreements. On July 22, 2020, the Government of Ontario issued ministerial directives to the IESO directing it to extend the deadline by which participants are to complete the projects from December 31, 2020 to June 30, 2021. Amounts received from the IESO for the funding of the projects under the participant agreements, but not yet spent, are presented on the Corporation's consolidated balance sheets under current liabilities as deferred conservation credit.



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

PP&E consist of the following:

	Distribution assets	Land and buildings	Equipment and other	Construction in progress	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	4,919.9	439.8	375.2	513.3	6,248.2
Additions/(Transfers), net	78.9	2.2	7.9	54.4	143.4
Disposals and retirements	(2.7)	(0.1)	(0.6)	_	(3.4)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	4,996.1	441.9	382.5	567.7	6,388.2
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	929.9	81.2	197.9	_	1,209.0
Depreciation	44.6	3.9	7.8		56.3
Disposals and retirements	(0.9)	_	(0.5)	_	(1.4)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	973.6	85.1	205.2	_	1,263.9
Carrying amount					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	3,990.0	358.6	177.3	513.3	5,039.2
Balance as at March 31, 2021	4,022.5	356.8	177.3	567.7	5,124.3

[&]quot;Construction in progress" additions are net of transfers to the other PP&E categories.



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	Computer software	Contributions	Software in development	Contributions for work in	Total
	\$	\$	\$	progress \$	\$
Cost					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	264.7	176.3	20.6	58.0	519.6
Additions/(Transfers), net	1.9	_	2.9	2.0	6.8
Balance as at March 31, 2021	266.6	176.3	23.5	60.0	526.4
Accumulated amortization					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	151.9	24.6		_	176.5
Amortization	7.7	1.8	_	_	9.5
Balance as at March 31, 2021	159.6	26.4	_	_	186.0
Carrying amount					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	112.8	151.7	20.6	58.0	343.1
Balance as at March 31, 2021	107.0	149.9	23.5	60.0	340.4

[&]quot;Contributions" represent payments made to HONI for dedicated infrastructure in order to receive connections to transmission facilities.

[&]quot;Software in development" and "Contributions for work in progress" additions are net of transfers to the other intangible asset categories.



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

[Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

6. REGULATORY BALANCES

Debit balances consist of the following:

	January 1, 2021	Balances arising in the period	Recovery/ reversal	Other movements	March 31, 2021	Remaining recovery/ reversal period	Carrying charges applicable
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	(months)	
Deferred taxes	47.9	17.3	_	_	65.2	(2)	_
OPEB net actuarial loss (1)	75.5	(37.4)	(0.5)	_	37.6	(2)	_
LRAM	33.2	_	(5.4)	_	27.8	(2)	(3)
OPEB cash versus accrual	0.9	_	(0.5)	_	0.4	(2)	(3)
IFRS transitional adjustments	_	_	0.1	_	0.1	(2)	_
Settlement variances	3.4	_	_	(3.4)	_	_	(3)
Other	9.5	_	(1.0)	(1.0)	7.5	21	(3)
	170.4	(20.1)	(7.3)	(4.4)	138.6		

Credit balances consist of the following:

	January 1, 2021	Balances arising in the period	Recovery/ reversal	Other movements	March 31, 2021	Remaining recovery/ reversal period	Carrying charges applicable
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	(months)	
Capital-related revenue							(2)
requirement	77.9	0.1	_	_	78.0	(2)	(3)
Derecognition	33.2	_	_	_	33.2	(2)	(3)
Gain on disposal	37.5	0.1	(8.1)	_	29.5	(2)	(3)
Settlement variances	_	17.6	3.6	(3.4)	17.8	(2)	(3)
Development charges	14.8	1.1	(0.4)	_	15.5	(2)	(3)
Tax-related variances	11.2	_	_	_	11.2	(2)	(3)
Accounts receivable credits	3.5	_	(0.2)	_	3.3	45	(3)
Foregone revenue	0.9	_	(0.5)	_	0.4	(2)	_
Other	4.4	1.8	(0.4)	(1.0)	4.8	9-45	(3)
	183.4	20.7	(6.0)	(4.4)	193.7		

⁽¹⁾ Actuarial gain of \$37.4 million was recognized as a result of the increase in discount rate [March 31, 2021 – 3.25%; December 31, 2020 – 2.50%].

The "Balances arising in the period" column consists of new additions to regulatory balances (for both debits and credits). The "Recovery/reversal" column consists of amounts disposed through OEB-approved rate riders. The "Other movements" column consists of impairment and reclassification between the regulatory debit and credit balances. In addition, the "Other movements" column includes reclassification of regulatory deferral accounts considered to be insignificant into the "Other" categories.

⁽²⁾ There were no significant changes to the disposition period for the three months ended March 31, 2021. Refer to note 8 to the Corporation's 2020 Annual Financial Statements for details.

⁽³⁾ Carrying charges were added to the regulatory balance in accordance with the OEB's direction, at a rate of 0.57% for January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021 [January 1, 2020 to June 30, 2020 - 2.18%, July 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020 - 0.57%].



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

7. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

The amount available under the Revolving Credit Facility as well as outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility and the Commercial Paper Program are as follows:

	Revolving Credit Facility Limit \$	Revolving Credit Facility Borrowings \$	Commercial Paper Outstanding \$	Revolving Credit Facility Availability \$
March 31, 2021	800.0	_	205.0	595.0
December 31, 2020	800.0	_	160.0	640.0

As at March 31, 2021, \$5.4 million had been drawn under the Working Capital Facility [December 31, 2020 – \$6.2 million] and \$32.9 million of letters of credit had been issued against the Prudential Facility [December 31, 2020 – \$32.9 million].

8. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue consists of the following:

	As at and three months ended March 31, 2021 \$	As at and year ended December 31, 2020 \$
Conital contributions having in a family	552 F	410.4
Capital contributions, beginning of period	553.7	410.4
Capital contributions received	25.6	151.7
Amortization	(2.6)	(8.2)
Other	(0.1)	(0.2)
Capital contributions, end of period	576.6	553.7
Other deferred revenue	13.6	2.6
Total deferred revenue	590.2	556.3
Less: Current portion of deferred revenue relating to:		
Capital contributions	16.0	15.5
Other deferred revenue	13.6	2.6
Current portion of deferred revenue	29.6	18.1
Non-current portion of deferred revenue	560.6	538.2



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Fair value

As at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the fair values of accounts receivable and unbilled revenue, working capital facility, commercial paper, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximated their carrying amounts due to the short maturity of these instruments. The fair value of customer deposits approximates their carrying amount taking into account interest accrued on the outstanding balance. Obligations under leases are measured based on a discounted cash flow analysis and fair values approximate the carrying amounts as management believes that the fixed interest rates are representative of current market rates.

The fair value of the debentures is based on the present value of contractual cash flows, discounted at the Corporation's current borrowing rate for similar debt instruments, and is included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. As at March 31, 2021, the total fair value of the Corporation's debentures was determined to be approximately \$2,565.2 million [December 31, 2020 – \$2,785.9 million], with a total carrying amount of \$2,382.4 million [December 31, 2020 – \$2,382.2 million].

b) Financial risks

The following is a discussion of certain financial risks and related mitigation strategies that have been identified by the Corporation for financial instruments. This is not an exhaustive list of all risks, nor will the mitigation strategies eliminate all risks listed.

Credit risk

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and material disruptions to businesses and the economy, the Corporation's credit risk has increased due to some customers not being able to pay their electricity bills when due, and LDC's security interest or other protective measures, if any, provided to LDC, such as letters of credit, cash deposits or pre-authorized payments may not be sufficient. The Corporation considers the current economic and credit conditions to determine the loss allowance of its accounts receivable and unbilled revenue. Given the high degree of uncertainty caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the estimates and judgments made by management in the preparation of the expected credit loss allowance are subject to a high degree of estimation uncertainty. Based on the Corporation's current estimates and assumptions, including but not limited to recent trends for customer collections and current and forecasted economic conditions, the Corporation adjusted the expected credit loss provision to account for the higher level of expected customer defaults at the balance sheet date. The Corporation continues to actively monitor its exposure to credit risk, and for the three months ended March 31, 2021, recorded a net incremental provision of \$0.9 million to its expected credit loss allowance as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Corporation has provided additional information on its credit risk related to accounts receivable and unbilled revenue in the Interim Financial Statements in light of the COVID-19 pandemic.



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

[Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

Credit risk associated with accounts receivable and unbilled revenue is as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	\$	\$
Accounts receivable, gross Outstanding for not more than 30 days Outstanding for more than 30 days and not more than 120 days Outstanding for more than 120 days	217.4 35.1 33.2	167.1 51.4 26.5
Total accounts receivable, gross	285.7	245.0
Unbilled revenue, gross	240.4	254.7
Loss allowance	(31.7)	(30.5)
Total accounts receivable and unbilled revenue	494.4	469.2

Reconciliation between the opening and closing loss allowance balances for accounts receivable and unbilled revenue is as follows:

	As at and three months ended March 31, 2021 \$	As at and year ended December 31, 2020 \$
Balance, beginning of period	(30.5)	(11.8)
Loss allowance	(2.1)	(23.4)
Write-offs	1.0	5.0
Recoveries of previously written-off balances	(0.1)	(0.3)
Balance, end of period	(31.7)	(30.5)

Liquidity risk

The Corporation is exposed to liquidity risk related to its ability to fund its obligations as they become due. The Corporation relies on debt financing through the debt capital markets and existing credit facilities to finance its daily operations, repay existing indebtedness, and fund capital expenditures. The current challenging economic climate affected by factors including but not limited to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic may lead to material adverse changes in cash flows, working capital levels and/or debt balances, which may also have a direct negative impact on the Corporation's operating results and financial position in the future. Accordingly, the Corporation continues to monitor and adapt its response plan as the economic climate evolves.

10. SHARE CAPITAL

On March 3, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Corporation declared a dividend in the amount of \$17.6 million with respect to the first quarter of 2021 [first quarter of 2020 - \$25.0 million], paid to the City on March 31, 2021.

On May 12, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Corporation declared a dividend in the amount of \$17.6 million with respect to the second quarter of 2021 [second quarter of 2020 – \$21.3 million], payable to the City by June 30, 2021.



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

11. REVENUES

Revenues consist of the following:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2021	2020 ⁽¹⁾
	<u> </u>	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Energy sales	677.2	800.1
Distribution revenue	182.6	187.0
Pole and duct rentals	4.7	4.7
Street lighting service fee	4.6	4.5
Ancillary services revenue	2.6	2.9
Other regulatory service charges	1.8	2.1
Miscellaneous	3.4	2.7
Revenue from other sources		
Capital contributions	2.6	1.7
Other	2.1	2.2
	881.6	1,007.9

⁽¹⁾ Includes reclassification from amounts previously reported.

12. INCOME TAXES

The Corporation's effective tax rate after net movements in regulatory balances for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was 8.2% [three months ended March 31, 2020 - 6.3%]. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was 1.9% higher than the three months ended March 31, 2020 primarily due to lower net deductions in permanent and temporary differences between accounting and tax treatments, and higher tax recognized on property dispositions.

Income tax expense as presented in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income and condensed interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Income tax expense Income tax recorded in net movements in regulatory balances	10.6 (7.4)	9.6 (7.2)
Income tax expense and income tax recorded in net movements in regulatory balances	3.2	2.4
Income tax expense in OCI Income tax recovery in OCI recorded in net movements in regulatory balances	9.9 (9.9)	10.1 (10.1)
Income tax expense in OCI	_	



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

[Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

13. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Changes in non-cash operating working capital provided (used) cash as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue	(25.2)	(32.3)
Income tax receivable	3.1	(6.4)
Materials and supplies	_	(0.7)
Other current assets	(2.2)	1.1
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(24.4)	(34.4)
Deferred revenue	11.5	0.8
Deferred conservation credit	0.4	(0.8)
	(36.8)	(72.7)

Reconciliation between the amount presented on the condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows and total additions to PP&E and intangible assets is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Purchase of PP&E, cash basis Net change in accounts payable and accruals related to PP&E Other	143.9 (0.5)	196.3 (71.9) 0.2
Total additions to PP&E	143.4	124.6
Purchase of intangible assets, cash basis Net change in accounts payable and accruals related to intangible assets	6.2 0.6	6.0 (0.3)
Total additions to intangible assets	6.8	5.7

14. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Use of judgments and estimates

The preparation of the Corporation's Interim Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions which affect the application of accounting policies, reported assets, liabilities and regulatory balances, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Interim Financial Statements, and the reported revenues and expenses for the period. The estimates are based on historical experience, current conditions and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities as well as for identifying and assessing the accounting treatment with respect to commitments and contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates, including changes as a result of future decisions made by the OEB, the IESO, the Ontario Ministry of Energy, Northern Development and Mines or the Ontario Ministry of Finance. The assessment of the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic is subject to significant uncertainty; accordingly, judgments, estimates and assumptions related to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic made by



For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 [Unaudited; all tabular amounts in millions of Canadian dollars]

management in the preparation of the Corporation's Interim Financial Statements are also subject to significant uncertainty. The extent of the future impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Corporation's financial results and business operations is not known at this time. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

b) Future accounting pronouncements

The IASB has issued a number of standards and amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective. The Corporation continues to analyze these pronouncements and has determined that the following amendments could have an impact on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements when adopted.

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current [Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements ["IAS 1"]]

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 relating to the classification of liabilities as current or non-current. Specifically, the amendments clarify one of the criteria in IAS 1 for classifying a liability as non-current - that is, the requirement for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted. The amendments are to be applied retrospectively.

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract [Amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets ["IAS 37"]]

In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 37 regarding costs that should be included as the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a contract is onerous. The amendments clarify that the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises all costs that relate directly to the contract. Such costs include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendments apply to contracts existing at the date when the amendments are first applied. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with early adoption permitted.

Definition of Accounting Estimates [Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors ["IAS 8"]]

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 8 to introduce a definition of "accounting estimates" and include other amendments to help entities distinguish changes in accounting estimates from changes in accounting policies. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted. The amendments are to be applied prospectively.

Disclosure of Accounting Policies [Amendments to IAS 1]

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 requiring an entity to disclose its material accounting policies, rather than its significant accounting policies. Additional amendments were made to explain how an entity can identify a material accounting policy. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted.

The Corporation is currently assessing the impact of the above amendments on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.